

# Applications of Derivatives

4.3-4.4 Rogawski

- a. Find the critical points and the intervals on which the function is increasing or decreasing.
- b. Use that information to determine if the critical points are a local min or max

23.  $y = -x^2 + 7x - 17$

25.  $y = x^3 - 12x^2$

26.  $y = x(x - 2)^3$

29.  $y = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{3}{2}x^2 + 2x + 4$

30.  $y = x^4 + x^3$

34.  $y = x^{5/2} - x^2$

35.  $y = x + x^{-1}$

45.  $y = x + e^{-x}$

Determine the intervals on which the function is concave up or down and find the points of inflection

3.  $y = x^2 - 4x + 3$

4.  $y = x^3 - 6x^2 + 4$

10.  $y = x^{7/2} - 35x^2$

11.  $y = (x - 2)(1 - x^3)$

12.  $y = x^{7/5}$

17.  $y = 2x^2 + \ln x$

18.  $y = x - \ln x$

Find a point  $c$  satisfying the conclusion of the MVT for the given function and interval

1.  $y = x^{-1}$   $[2,8]$

2.  $y = \sqrt{x}$   $[9,25]$

4.  $y = \frac{x}{x+2}$   $[1,4]$

5.  $y = x^3$   $[-4,5]$

Find the critical points and apply the second derivative test for local extrema (or state that it fails)

$$25. y = x^3 - 12x^2 + 45x$$

$$26. y = x^4 - 8x^2 + 1$$

$$27. y = 3x^4 - 8x^3 + 6x^2$$

$$28. y = x^5 - x^3$$

$$31. y = 6x^{3/2} - 4x^{1/2}$$

$$32. f(x) = 9x^{7/3} - 21x^{1/2}$$